# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# **DRY CONDITIONER**

Revision Date: 7/9/2019

### Section 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY

Product Name: DRY CONDITIONER

Description: Leave on conditioning gloss for hair

Brand: Expro3

4838 SW 75 Avenue, Miami, Fl 33155

Telephone: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC US

703-741-5970 CHEMTREC WORLDWIDE

### Section 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

**GHS Classification:** 

Flammable Liquids: Category 2
Eye Irratation: Category 2A

Hazard symbols:

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard statements: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements: P210 - Keep away from extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, and

incompatible materials. - No smoking. P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ eye protection/ face protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately

all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice attention. P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam,

dry chemical or carbon dioxide for extinction.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 - Dispose of contents container in accordance with local regional national

territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

Other hazards: P102 Keep away from children

P103 Read label before use

Storage P403 + P405 + P235 Store locked up in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Section 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
Chemical identity	CAS	EINECS	Classification per 1272/2008		
SD Alcohol 40-B/ Alcohol Denat	64-17-5	200-578-6	Flam. Liq. 2		
Benzyl Benzoate	120-51-4	204-402-9	Acute Tox. 4		
Citronellol	106-22-9	203-375-0	Fragrance Allergen		
Coumarin	91-64-5	202-086-7	Fragrance Allergen		
Eugenol	97-53-0	202-589-1	Fragrance Allergen		
Geraniol	106-24-1	203-377-1	Fragrance Allergen		
Linalool	78-70-6	201-134-4	Fragrance Allergen		
Butylphenyl Methylpropional	80-54-6	201-289-8	Fragrance Allergen		
Hydroxyisohexyl 3-Cyclohexene Carboxaldehyde	31906-04-4	250-863-4	Fragrance Allergen		
Alpha-Isomethyl Ionone	127-51-5	204-846-3	Fragrance Allergen		
Citral	5392-40-5	226-394-6	Skin Irrit. 2		
			Skin Sens. 1		
Limonene	138-86-3	205-341-0	Flam. Liq. 3		
			Skin Irrit. 2		
			Skin Sens. 1		
			Aquatic Acute 1		
			Aquatic Chronic 1		
Hexyl Cinnamal	101-86-0	202-983-3	Fragrance Allergen		

See Product label for list of ingredients. Hazard classification is not characteristic of cosmetic finished good

### **Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

First-aid measures Check the vital functions.

general Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration.

Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen.

Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation.

Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia.

Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical

strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

Never give alcohol to drink.

First-aid measures Remove the victim into fresh air.

after inhalation: Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

First-aid measures Rinse with water. Soap may be used. Do not apply (chemical) after skin contact: neutralizing agents. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists.

First-aid measures Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Do not apply neutralizing after eye contact:

after eye contact: agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water

to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a doctor/medical service if you after ingestion:

feel unwell. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital.

Symptoms/effects

EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Coughing. Dry/sore throat. Central

after inhalation:

nervous system depression. Dizziness. Headache. Narcosis.

Symptoms/effects

after skin contact: Dry Skin

Symptoms/effects

after eye contact: Irration of the eye tissue

Symptoms/effects

AFTER ABSORPTION OF LARGE QUANTITIES: Central nervous system depression.

after ingestion:

Headache. Dilation of the blood vessels. Low arterial pressure. Nausea. Vomiting. Abdominal pain. Disturbed motor response. Disturbances of

consciousness. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Body temperature

fall. Slowing respiration.

### **Section 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing

media:

Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray, fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media:

Solid water jet ineffective as extinguishing medium.

Fire hazard: DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Highly flammable. Gas/vapor flammable with air

within explosion limits. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. May be ignited by sparks.

Gas/vapor spreads at floor level: ignition hazard.

Explosion hazard: DIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Gas/vapour explosive with air within

explosion limits. INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. may be ignited by sparks.

Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Reactivity upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Violent to explosive reaction

with (strong) oxidizers. Prolonged storage/in large quantities: may form

peroxides.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions: Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety.

Do not move the load if exposed to heat.

**Protection during** 

Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

firefighting:

### Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Protective equipment: Gloves. Protective goggles. Protective clothing.

Large spills/in enclosed spaces: compressed air apparatus.

Emergency procedures for

Keep upwind. Mark the danger area. Consider evacuation.

non emergency personnel:

Seal off low-lying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises.

Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks.

Spark- and explosion-proof appliances and lighting equipment.

Keep containers closed. Wash contaminated clothes.

Emergency procedures for

Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area. If a major spill occurs,

emergency personnel:

all personnel should be immediately evacuated and the area ventilated.

Environmental precautions:

Prevent spreading in sewers.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment: Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers.

Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill.

Try to reduce evaporation. Measure the concentration of the explosive gas-air mixture. Dilute/disperse combustible gas/vapour with water

curtain. Provide equipment/receptacles with earthing. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills.

Methods for cleaning up:

Take up liquid spill into absorbent material,

e.g.: dry sand/earth/vermiculite or powdered limestone. Scoop absorbed substance into closing containers. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills.

Carefully collect the spill/leftovers. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent

authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

## Section 7. HANDLING and STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Ensure all equipment is electrically grounded before beginning transfer operations. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Do not breathe mist/vapors/fumes/spray. Wash hands throughly

after using substance

KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. strong acids. (strong)

bases. amines. halogens

Conditions for safe storage:

Keep in a cool, dry well ventilated place. Protect containers from extreme temperatures and damage. Store in correctly labeled containers in a hygienic environment. Avoid high temperatures.

Do not exceed 32.2°C

### Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS and PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ethanol (SD Alcohol 40B)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000ppm
	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³
	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm
	US IDLH (ppm)	3300 ppm (10% LEL)

Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the

immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide adequate general and

local exhaust ventilation

# Personal Protective Equipment:

Safety Glasses. Gloves. Protective clothing. Face Shield. High gas/vapor concentration: gas mask with filter type A



### Materials for Protective Clothing:

Give Excellent Resistance: Butyl Rubber. Nitrile Rubber. Viton. Polyethylene/ethylenevinylalcohol.

Give Good Resistance: Neoprene.

Give Less Resistance: PVC. Neoprene/natural rubber Give Poor Resistance: Natural Rubber. Polyethylene. PVA

Hand Protection: Gloves

Eye Protection: Safety Glasses
Skin and Body Protection: Protective Clothing

Respiratory Protection: Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit

### **Section 9: PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Physical State: Liquid

Appearance: clear, colorless, water-thin, liquid

Color: Colorless

Odor: Fragrance Characteristic

pH: n/a Melting point: n/a

Freezing point: - 173 °F (78.3 °C) Ethanol (SD Alcohol 40B)
Boiling Point 173 °F (78.3 °C) Ethanol (SD Alcohol 40B)

Flash Point: 55 °F (12 °C)

Vapor Pressure: 44.6 mm Hg at 20°C (68°F) Ethanol (SD Alcohol 40B)

Auto-Ignition temp: 685.4°C (363°F) Ethanol (SD Alcohol 40B)

Specific Gravity: 0.80-0.85 Water Solubility Soluble

**Explosion Data** 

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.

**Explosion Data** 

Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Static discharge could act as an ignition source.

### Section 10. STABILITY and REACTIVITY

Stability Stable under normal conditions

Reactivity: Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Violent to explosive reaction

with (strong) oxiders

Possibility of Hazardous

reactions:

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Direct Sunlight. High Temperature. Incompatible materials. Open flame. Sparks

Incompatibility materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Silver salts. Acid chlorides.

Alkali metals. Metal hydrides. Hydrazine.

Hazardous Decomposition: Carbon Dioxide. Carbon Monoxide

### **Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Likely routes of exposure: Inhalation; skin and eye contact

Toxicity Data: This product has NOT been tested on animals. Toxically data, found in scientific literature,

is available for some of the components of the product and is listed below:

	LD50 Oral Rat	10470 mg/kg
Ethanol (SD Alcohol 40B)	LD50 Dermal Rat	20 ml/kg
	LC50 Inhalation Rat	124.7 mg/l/4h

Acute Toxicity: Not classified LD50 and LC50 Data: Not classified Carcinogenicity: Not classified Skin Corrosion: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/irration: Causes serious eye irration

Respiratory or skin

sensitization:

Germ Cell mutagenicity:

Specific Target Organ Toxicity:

Reproductive Toxicity:

Aspiration Hazard:

Not classified

Not classified

Not classified

### **Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecology- General: Readily bioldegrades. Evaporates to moderate extent. Does not bioaccumulate.

## **Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

General Information: Dispose of in accordance with all local and national regulations

Packaging Disposal: Containers can be recycled in compliance with all local and national regulations

### **Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Department of Transporation (DOT)

Transport document UN 1170 Ethyl Alcohol Solution, 3, PG II

description:

UN-No. (DOT): **UN 1170** 

Proper Shipping Name: **Ethyl Alcohol Solution** 

**Transport Hazard Class:** 3- Class 3- Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Packaging group (DOT): II- Medium Danger Hazard lablels (DOT): 3- Flammable Liquid

**ERG Number:** 127

UN 1170, Ethyl Alcohol Solution, 3, PG II 49 CFR (GND):

(LTD QTY inner packaging ≤ 1.0 L)

Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

(Inner packaging ≤ 1.0 L)- until 12/31/20





IATA (AIR): UN 1170, Ethyl Alcohol Solution, 3, PG II

> (LTD QTY Inner packaging ≤ 5.0 L passenger air craft) (LTD QTY Inner packaging ≤ 60.0 L cargo air craft)

ID8000, Consumer Commodity, 9 (Inner packaging ≤ 0.5 L)



IMDG (OCN): UN 1170, Ethyl Alcohol Solution, 3, PG II

(LTD QTY inner packaging  $\leq 1.0 \text{ L}$ )



A- the material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel or DOT Vessel Stowage Location:

on a passenger vessel

Marine Pollutant: NO

Other information: MFAG Table #305

### **Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**US Regulations:** 

SARA Section Specially Denatured Alcohol (SDA) 40-B, 200 proof

311/312 Hazard Classes: Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Canada Regulations: Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid





EU Regulations: No additional information National Regulations: No additional information

California Proposition 65: This product does not contain any chemicals known to the state of California

to cause cancer or reproductive harm for more information go to

www.P65Warnings.CA.GOV. January 1st directive

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour H319: Causes serious eye irration H335: May cause respiratory irration



NFPA health hazard:

1 - Exposure could cause irritation but only minor residual injury even if no treatment is given.

NFPA fire hazard:

3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

NFPA reactivity:

0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.

**Hazard Rating** 

Health:

1 Slight Hazard- Irration or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability:

3 Serious Hazard- Materials capable of ignition under almost all normal temperature conditions. Includes flammable liquids with flash points below 73 F and boiling points above 100 F. as well as liquids with flash points between 73 F and 100 F. (Classes IB & IC)

Physical:

O Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Personal protection:

H- Splash goggles, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Vapor respirator

**Further Information** 

The information supplied in the Safety Data Sheet is designed only as guidance for the safe use and handling of the product. The information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of publication, however, no guarantee is made to its accuracy.